Chapter 2. SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 General Specifications

Table 2.1 shows general specifications of the GLOFA GM series and MASTER-K series.

No	ltem	Specifications					Standards	
1	Operating ambient	0~55 (32~131)						
2	Storage ambient		-25	~ 75 (-1	3~167)			
3	Operating ambient		5 ~ 95%	%RH, no	n-condens	sing		
4	Storage ambient humidity		5 ~ 95%	RH, no	on-conden	sing		
			00	casional	vibration			
		Frequency	Acceleration		Amplitude		Sweep count	
		10 f 57 Hz	-		0.075 mm	1		
5	Vibration	57 f 150 Hz	0.001 Kg		-		10 times in each	IEC 61131-2
J	VIDIATION		Continuous	vibration			direction for	120 01131-2
		Frequency	Acceleration		Amplitudo		X, Y, Z	
		10 f 57 Hz	-		0.035 mm	1	Λ, Ι, Ζ	
		57 f 150 Hz	4.9 m/š		-			
6	Shocks	*Maximum shock acceleration: 15g *Duration time :11 ms *Pulse wave: half sine wave pulse(3 times in each of X. Y and Z directions)				IEC 61131-2		
		impulse noise ± 1,500 V						
		Electrostatic di	scharge	Voltage :4kV(contact discharge)			IEC 61131-2 IEC 1000-4-2	
_		Radiated electroma	agnetic field	27 ~ 500 MHz, 10 V/m			IEC 61131-2	
7	Noise immunity	Fast transient b	urst noise	Severity Level	All power modules	Digital I/Os (Ue ≥ 24 V)	Digital I/Os (Ue < 24 V) Analog I/Os communication I/Os	IEC 61131-2 IEC 1000-4-4
				Voltage	2 kV	1 kV	0.25 kV	
8	Operating	Free from corrosive gases and excessive dust						
9	Altitude for use	Up to 2,000m(6,562ft)						
10	Pollution degree	2 or lower						
11	Cooling method		Self-cooling					

[Table 2.1] General Specifications

Remark

- 1) IEC(International Electrotechnical Commission)
 - : The international civilian organization which produces standards for electrical and electronics industry.
- 2) Pollution degree
 - : It indicates a standard of operating ambient pollution level.

The pollution degree 2 means the condition in which normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation shall be expected.

2.2 Performance Specifications

The following show various specifications of the High-speed counting module including basic performance specifications, input specifications, limit switch input specifications and transistor output specifications.

2.2.1 Basic Performance Specification

	ltem		Specifications			
		G3F - HSCA	G4F - HSCA	G6F - HSCA		
1/	O Points	32 Points	16 Points			
Numbe	er of Channels	2 channels	1 cha	annel		
	Signal	Ph	ase A, Phase B or Phase	e Z		
Counter input signal	Signal level	Ę	5/12/24 VDC (7-13mA)		
	Signal type		Voltage input			
Cou	nting range	0 to 16,777,215 (24 Bits Binary)				
Cou	nting speed	Maximum 50 kHz				
Limit	switch input	24 VDC				
Setting	1-phase input	Set by program or Phase B is set				
Increment /Decrement	2-phase input	Set by d	difference of phase auton	natically		
External	Туре	Out 1, Out 2(One among ' >' , ' =' and ' <' is selected)				
output	Signal type	Transistor output (open collector output, 10 to 30 V)				
Multiplication		The multiplication factor for the input pulse may be set to 1, 2 or 4 (Selected by DIP Switch adjustment)				
Curren	t consumption	5 VDC, 0.3 A	5 VDC,0.25 A	5 VDC,0.18 A		
	Weight	620 g	330 g	160 g		

2.2.2 Input Specifications

Item	Specifications				
	5 VDC (7 mA)				
Rated input voltage / current	12 VDC	(7 mA)			
	24 VDC (13 mA)				
	5 VDC	4.5 V or more			
' On ' guarantee voltage	12 VDC	11 V or more			
	24 VDC	14 V or more			
	5 VDC	0.8 or less			
' Off ' guarantee voltage	12 VDC	1.5 V or less			
	24 VDC	2.5 V or less			

2.2.3 Limit Switch (L/S) Input Specifications

Item	Specifications
Input voltage	24 VDC
' On ' guarantee voltage	19 VDC or more
' Off ' guarantee voltage	6 VDC or less
On Delay Time	1.5 ms or less
Off Delay Time	2 ms or less

2.2.4 Transistor Output Specifications

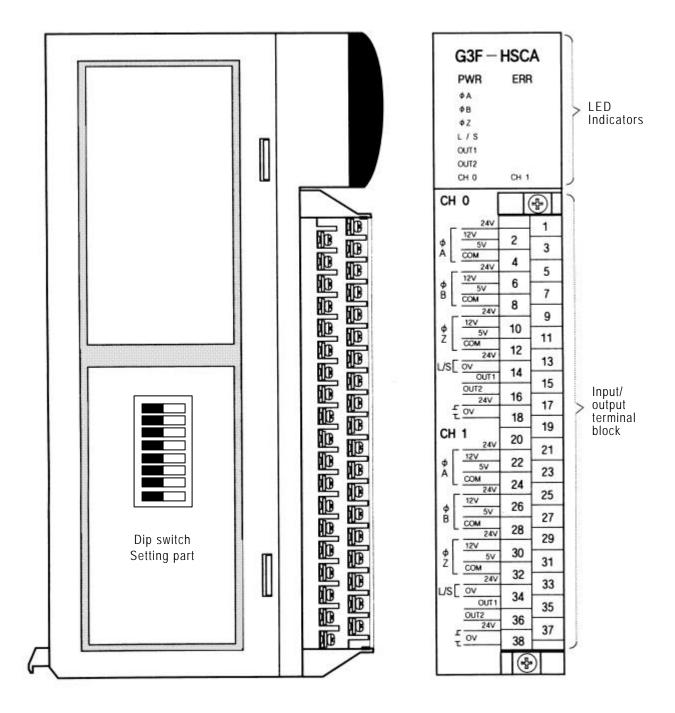
Item	Specifications
Rated output	24 VDC, 200 mA
Leakage current	50 µ A or less
Saturated voltage	1.3V
On Delay Time	50 µ s or less
Off Delay Time	50 µ s or less

2.3 Names of Parts and Functions

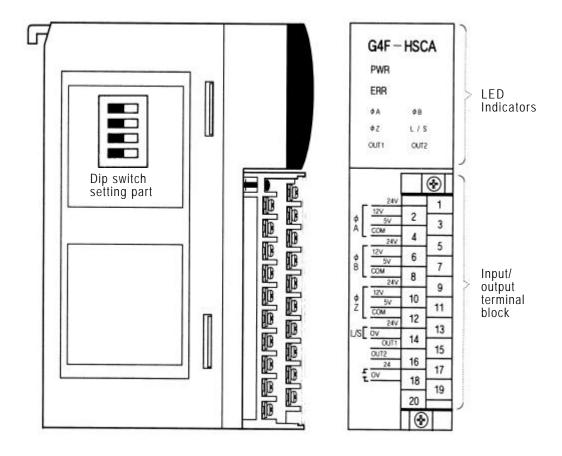
2.3.1 Names of Parts and Functions

The names of parts and functions of the high speed counter module are shown as below

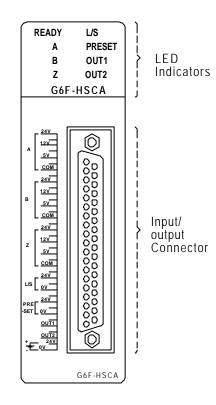
1) G3F-HSCA



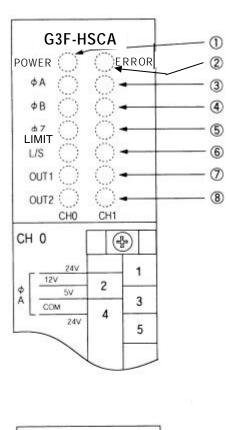
2) G4F-HSCA

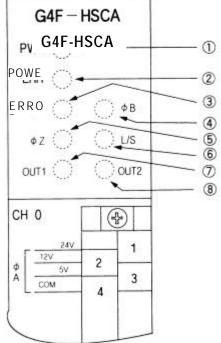


3) G6F-HSCA

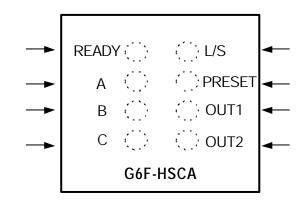


2.3.2 Function of LED Indicators





No.	Description
	Power LED Turns On when the power is applied.
	Error LED Turns on for 0.5 sec when the power is applied and then turns off if the system is normally running. Flickers with 0.1 sec, 0.2 sec or 0.3 sec cycle according to the error content, If an error has occurred.
	Phase A pulse input LED Turns on when voltage is applied to phase A input terminal.
	Phase B pulse input LED Turns on when voltage is applied to phase B input terminal
	Phase Z pulse input LED Turns on when voltage is applied to phase B input terminal
	Limit switch input LED Turns on when voltage is applied to limit switch input terminal
	OUT1 output LED Indicate the magnitude comparison result of CMP 1
	OUT2 output LED Indicate the magnitude comparison result of CMP 2
	Preset Switch Input (PRESET) Turns on when voltage is applied to preset switch input terminal



2.3.3 DIP Switch Setting Part

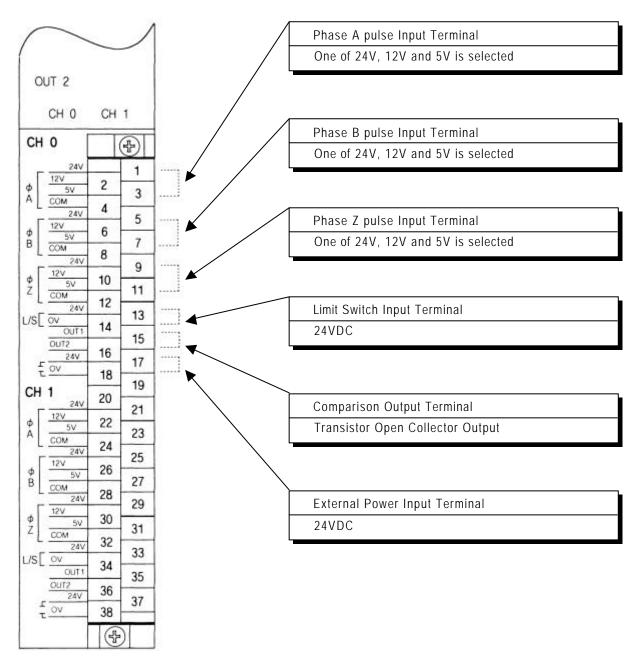
The DIP Switch settings are used for phase-2/ phase-1 operation mode specification, Increment / Decrement count method specification at 1-phase operation, and multiplication specification at 2-phase operation.

G3F-HSCA	G4F-HSCA/G6F-HSCA
Channel 0	0N 1 2 3 4

	Switch			Functions			
G3F-HSCA		G4F-HSCA,					
channel 0	channel 1	G6F-HSCA	Status	Descriptions			
SW 1	SW 5	SW 1	On	Specifies the 2 – phase pulse operation mode.			
3101	310 5	SVV I	Off	Specifies the 1 – phase pulse operation mode.			
SW 2	SW 6	SW 2	On Specifies the phase B pulse input mod increment/decrement count method at 1 - pulse inputs				
500 2	3₩ 0	3₩ 2	Off	Specifies the program input mode as increment/decrement count method at 1 – phase pulse inputs			
			On On Specifies as multiplicate 1				
SW 3	SW 7	SW 3	On Off	Specifies multiplicate 2			
SW 4	SW 8	SW 4	Off On	No multiplication is applied			
			Off Off	Specifies multiplicate 4			

2.3.4 Input / Output Terminal Block

1) G3F-HSCA/G4F-HSCA

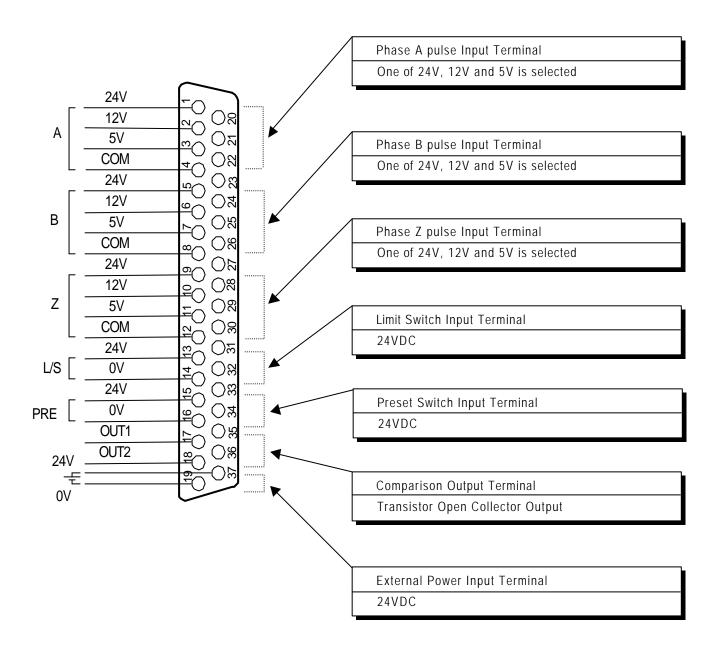


Remark

The above input/output terminals the CH0 and CH1 of the G3F–HSCA use the same input/output terminals as shown above.

The G4F-HSCA input/output terminal' s configuration is also same as above.

2) G6F-HSCA



Remark

The G6F-HSCA module has external preset input terminal(15, 16). And it is possible to used to preset value setting signal of external.

2.4 Interface with External Devices

Table 2.1 and Table 2.2 shows the list for interface with external devices.

1) G3F-HSCA/G4F-HSCA

	Internel Concept	Terr I N	nina Io.	Cirruel Neme	Operation	Input
I/O	Internal Current	CH 0	CH 1	Signal Name	Operation	guarantied Voltage
	1.5kΩ	1	21	24 V, Phase A pulse input	On	14~26.4 V
	1.2κΩ			12 V, Phase A	Off On	2.5 V 11~13.2 V
		2	22	pulse input	Off	1.5 V
	330Ω	3	23	5 V, Phase A	On	4.5~5.5 V
	~ √\$	4	24	pulse input	Off	0.8 V or less
	1.5kΩ	4	24	COM	0.7	14 27 4 17
		5	25	24 V, Phase B pulse input	On Off	14~26.4 V 2.5 V
	1.2kΩ	,	27	12 V, Phase B	On	11~13.2 V
Input	330Ω	6	26	pulse input	Off	1.5 V
		7	27	5 V, Phase B	On	4.5~5.5 V
	-~ \$ 1.5kΩ 1.2kΩ 330Ω	8	28	pulse input COM	Off	0.8 V or less
		0		24 V, Phase Z	On	14~26.4 V
		9	29	pulse input	Off	2.5 V
		10	30	12 V, Phase Z	On	11~13.2 V
		10	50	pulse input	Off	1.5 V
	~~~	11	31	5 V, Phase Z pulse input	On Off	4.5~5.5 V 0.8 V or less
		12	32	COM	Oli	0.0 0 01 1633
		1.0			On	19~26.4 V
Input	2.2kΩ	13	33	L/S input, 24 V	Off	6 V or less
p at	<b>∽</b> ₹	14	34	L/S COM		
	2kΩ	15	35	Open collector output OUT1	24VDC	d output: C, 200 mA
		16	36	Open collector output OUT1	Off→On 5	nse time: 0 <b>µs</b> or less 50 <b>µs</b> or less
Output		17	37	External power supply output 24 V	Input voltage	
		18	38	External power supply COM 0 V	10.2	~ 30 V

[Table 2.1] External interface list (G3F-HSCA / G4F-HSCA )

### 2) G6F-HSCA

I/O	Internal Current	Terminal pin No.	Signal Name	Operation	Input guarantied Voltage
	<b>3.3k</b> Ω	1	24 V, Phase	On	14~26.4 V
			A pulse input	Off	2.5 V
	1.2㎞	2	12 V, Phase A pulse input	On Off	11~13.2 V 1.5 V
	330			On	4.5~5.5 V
		3	5 V, Phase A pulse input	Off	0.8 V or less
	 3.3kΩ	4	СОМ		
		5	24 V, Phase	On	14~26.4 V
	1.2kΩ		B pulse input	Off	2.5 V
	•	6	12 V, Phase	On	11~13.2 V
Input	330	6	B pulse input	Off	1.5 V
	⋧ ≠∨ ♀ 〉 {820		5 V, Phase B	On	4.5~5.5 V
	 3.3kΩ	7	pulse input	Off	0.8 V or less
		8	СОМ		
	1.2kΩ	9	24 V, Phase	On	14~26.4 V
	330	,	Z pulse input	Off	2.5 V
		10	12 V, Phase	On	11~13.2 V
	⋧ ▲√ ♀ )   §820		Z pulse input	Off On	1.5 V 4.5~5.5 V
		11	5 V, Phase Z pulse input	Off	0.8 V or less
		12	СОМ		
	2.2k0	13	L/S input 24 V	On Off	19~26.4 V 6 V or less
		14	L/S COM	011	0 1 01 1000
Input	2.2k0	15	Preset input	On	19~26.4 V
		15	24V	Off	6 V or less
		16	L/S COM		•
Output	//	17	Open collector output OUT1	24VDC	output: , 200 mA nse time:
	2KΩ	18	Open collector output OUT2	Off→On 5	0 μs or less 0 μs or less
		37	External power supply output 24 V		voltage ~ 30 V

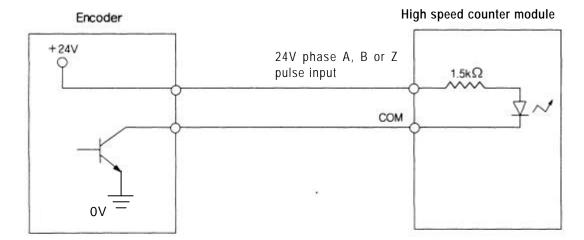
## Chapter 2. SPECIFICATIONS

	19	External power supply COM 0 V	
--	----	----------------------------------------	--

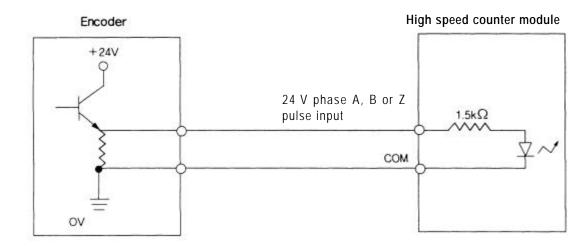
[Table 2.2] External interface list (G6F-HSCA)

## 2.5 Output Mode of Encoder

• Open collector output



• Voltage output



#### 2.6 Function Descriptions

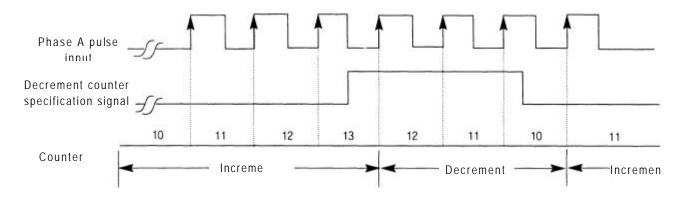
The High-speed counting module can count high-speed pulse which cannot be proceed with the CPU counting instructions (CTU,CTUD, etc.). Up to 24 bits binary (16,777,215) can be counted. Pulse input mode is classified into 1-Phase (Phase A) pulse input and 2-Phase (Phase B) pulse input. In 1-Phase pulse input mode, there are two kinds of increment/decrement count methods. One is specified by program and the other is specified by phase B pulse input signal. In 2-Phase pulse input mode, the increment/decrement count method is specified by the phase difference between phase A and B pulsed.

### 2.6.1 Operation Modes

#### 1) 1-phase Operation Mode (Increment /Decrement Count by Program)

When Phase A pulse input rises, the counter performs increment or decrement count by decrement counter specification signal.

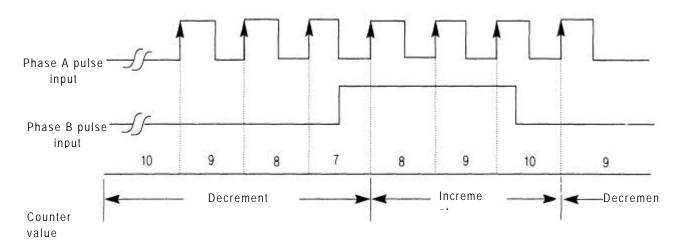
If the decrement counter specification signal is low the counter performs increment count, and if high, it performs decrement count.



#### 2) 1-phase Operation Mode (Increment /Decrement Count by Phase B Pulse Input)

When Phase A pulse input the counter performs increment or decrement count by Phase B pulse input.

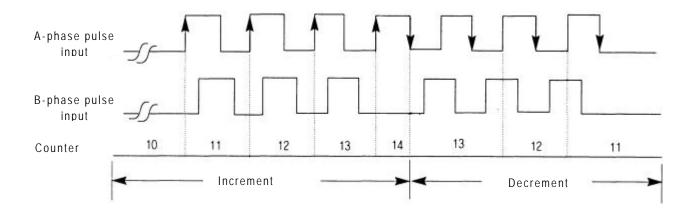
If Phase B pulse input is low, it performs decrement count, and if high, it performs increment count.



#### 3) 2-Phase Operation Mode (Multiplicate 1)

When Phase A pulse-input leads Phase B, the counter performs increment count when phase B pulse-input leads phase A, it performs decrement count.

If Phase B pulse input is low when Phase A pulse input rises, the counter performs increment count. If Phase B pulse input is low when phase A pulse input falls, it performs decrement count.

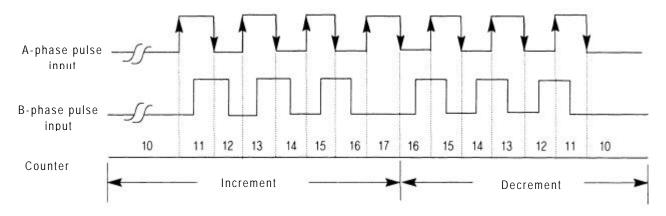


#### 4) 2-Phase Operation Mode (Multiplicate 2)

When Phase A pulse-input leads Phase B, the counter performs increment count when phase B pulse-input leads phase A, it performs decrement count.

If Phase B pulse input is low when Phase A pulse input rises or it is high when phase A pulse input falls, the counter performs increment count.

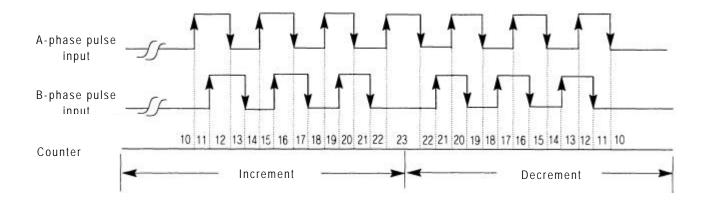
If Phase B pulse input is high when Phase A pulse input rises or it is low when phase A pulse input falls, the counter performs decrement count.



#### 5) 2-phase Operation Mode (Multiplicate 4)

When Phase A pulse input leads Phase B pulse input, the counter performs increment count. When the other leads the one, it performs decrement count.

The counting is performed when the Phase A and B pulse inputs rise or fall.

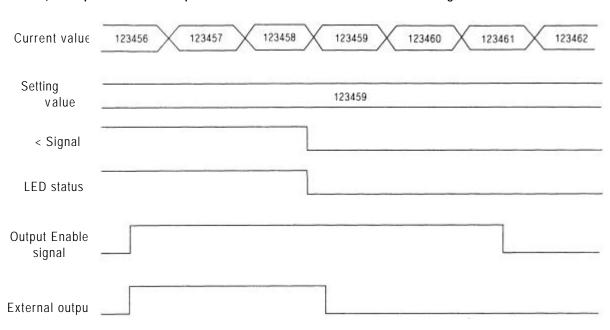


### 2.6.2 Comparison Signal Output

The counting module has the function of comparison output, which outputs the result of magnitude comparison between the Current value (=current value) and a comparison value. There are two outputs in the comparison output and they can be used separately. The magnitude comparison mode can be set as shown in the below table.

Comparison mode	Settings			
0	No magnitude comparison is performed.			
1	Current value < Setting value			
2	Current value = Setting value			
3	Current value Setting value			
4	Current value > Setting value			
5	Current value Setting value			
6	Current value Setting value			
7	Always On			

The results as shown above will be indicated on the OUT1 LED or OUT2 LED regardless of the output. Output to the external terminal block is performed only when the output enable signal is ON.



1) Example When the Comparison Mode Is Set to ' Current Value < Setting Value'

#### 2) Example When the Comparison Mode Is Set to 'Current Value > Setting Value'

Current value	123456 123457 123458 123459 123460 123461 123462
Setting value	123459
> Signal -	
LED status	
Output Enable signal	
External output	

#### 3) Example When the Comparison Mode Is Set to ' Current Value = Setting Value'

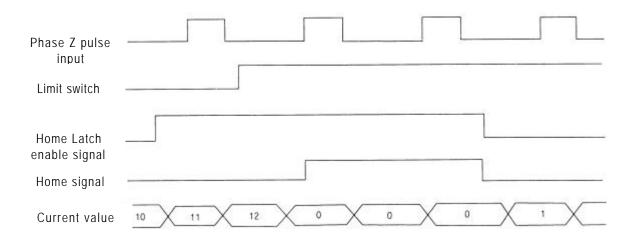
Contrary to the '>(GT)" and '<(LT)' signals, once the coincidence (=) signal is turned ON, it retains the ON state until the coincidence reset signal is turned ON. The LED status is same as the coincidence signal. Output is performed only when the output

enable signal is turned ON.

Current	123456 123457 123458	8 123459 12	23460 123461 123462
Setting value	123457		123460
Coincidence (=) signal			
Coincidence (=) Reset signal			
LED status			
Output enable signal			
External output			

#### 2.6.3 Home Signal

Home signal is operated only when the HOME-LATCH enable signal is turned on. Home signal turns on when both of phase Z pulse input and limit switch input is turned on. The count value retains '0' until the HOME-LATCH enable signal turns OFF though the counter continuos its counting operation.



### 2.6.4 Carry Signal

The carry signal appears when the counter value changes from 16,777,215 to 0 during increment counting. The carry signal retains its ON State until the carry reset signal turns on. If the home signal is input, the carry signal will be cleared.

Current	16777213 16777214 167772	15 0	1	2	3
Carry signal					
Carry Reset signal					

### 2.6.5 Borrow Signal

The borrow signal appears when the counter value changes from 0 to 16,777,215 during decrement counting. The borrow signal retains its ON State until the borrow reset signal turns on. If the home signal is input, the borrow signal will be cleared. The borrow reset signal is used together with the carry reset signal.

Current	2 1 0 16777215 16777214	16777213 16777212
Borrow		
Borrow Reset signal		